

# NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter



**INSTRUCTION MANUAL V 2.0x** 



Recommended for devices with firmware version V 2.0x and higher.



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# 1 SAFETY ALERTS

The symbols below are used in the device and throughout this manual to draw the user's attention to important information related to device safety and use.



All safety recommendations appearing in this manual must be followed to ensure personal safety and prevent damage to the instrument or system. If the instrument is used in a manner other than that specified in this manual, the device's safety protections may not be effective.

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# 2 PRESENTATION

**NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter** uses a high precision differential pressure sensor and has the stability required to perform measurements in applications that require high sensitivity. It is a micro processed device with two communication interfaces: USB and RS485 via Modbus RTU protocol. The magnitude read by the sensor is provided through any of its interfaces, converted to a selected pressure unit from a set of options.

This device has a digital alarm output, which supports the configuration of the alarm condition, adjustable setpoints and custom timing, among other functions. Its transmission output can be configured to operate in the 0-10 V and 4-20 mA standards, with adjustable range within the sensor limits, and has adjustable behavior options in case of sensor error.

**NXperience** software offers a quick and intuitive way to configure of all device features. It is also possible to carry out the monitoring and obtain the diagnosis of the information downloaded.

**NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter** is suitable for use in HVAC applications such as environmental monitoring or climate control or environmental monitoring of industrial processes where high accuracy is required at low pressure ranges.

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# 3 IDENTIFICATION

# 3.1 DEVICE IDENTIFICATION

The identification of the device model is described on its side label, together with information regarding its electrical connections and its serial number. Figure 01 shows the information available in the device housing:

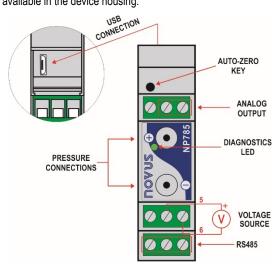


Figure 1 - NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter

# 3.2 DEVICE MODEL

The NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter line is available in 07 models:

- NP785-50 of ± 50 Pa;
- NP785-100 of ± 100 Pa
- NP785-05 of ± 5 mbar;
- NP785-20 of ± 20 mbar;
- NP785-68 of ± 68 mbar;
- NP785-400 of ± 400 mbar;
- NP785-1000 of ± 1000 mbar.

Model	Minimum Pressure Extended Range [-3,13%]	Minimum Pressure Extended Range [-1,25%]	Minimum Pressure	Maximum Pressure	Maximum Pressure Extended Range [103,13%]	Unity	Standard Configuration
	-0.531	-0,513	-0,500	0,500	0,531	mbar	
	-7.97	-7,69	-7,50	7,50	7,97	mpsi	
50 Pa	-0,213	-0,205	-0,200	0,200	0,213	inH2O	
	-5,42	-5,23	-5,10	5,10	5,42	mmH2O	
	-53,1	-51,3	-50,0	50,0	53,1	Pa	×
	-1,063	-1,025	-1,000	1,000	1,063	mbar	
	-15,94	-15,38	-15,0	15,00	15,94	mpsi	
100 Pa	-0,425	-0,410	-0,400	0,400	0,425	inH2O	
	-10,84	-10,46	-10,20	10,20	10,84	mmH2O	
	-106,3	-102,5	-100,0	100,0	106,3	Pa	×
	-5,313	-5,125	-5	5	5,313	mbar	×
	-77,06	-74,33	-72,52	72,52	77,06	mpsi	
5 mbar	-2,133	-2,057	-2,007	2,007	2,133	inH2O	
	-54,17	-52,25	-50,98	50,98	54,17	mmH2O	
	-531,3	-512,5	-500	500	531,3	Pa	
20 mbar	-21,252	-20,500	-20	20	21,252	mbar	×
20 IIIDal	-308,24	-297,33	-290,08	290,08	308,24	mpsi	

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Model	Minimum Pressure Extended Range [-3,13%]	Minimum Pressure Extended Range [-1,25%]	Minimum Pressure	Maximum Pressure	Maximum Pressure Extended Range [103,13%]	Unity	Standard Configuration
	-8,532	-8,230	-8,029	8,029	8,532	inH2O	
	-216,71	-209,04	-203,94	203,94	216,71	mmH2O	
	-2125,2	-2050,0	-2000	2000	2125,2	Pa	
	-72,257	-69,700	-68	68	72,257	mbar	×
	-1062,60	-1025,00	-1000	1000	1062,60	mpsi	
68 mbar	-29,753	-28,700	-28	28	29,753	inH2O	
	-743,82	-717,50	-700	700	743,82	mmH2O	
	-7438,2	-7175,0	-7000	7000	7438,2	Pa	
	-425,040	-410,000	-400	400	425,040	mbar	×
	-6163,08	-5945,00	-5800	5800	6163,08	mpsi	
400 mbar	-170,016	-164,000	-160	160	170,016	inH2O	
	-4250,40	-4100,00	-4000	4000	4250,40	mmH2O	
	-42504,0	-41000,0	-40000	40000	42504,0	Pa	
	-1062,600	-1025,000	-1000	1000	1062,600	mbar	×
	-15939,00	-15375,00	-15000	15000	15939,00	mpsi	
1000 mbar	-425,040	-410,000	-400	400	425,040	inH2O	
	-11157,30	-10762,50	-10500	10500	11157,30	mmH2O	
	-109872,8	-105985,0	-103400	103400	109872,8	Pa	

Table 1 – NP785 measuring ranges

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# 4 INSTALLATION

# 4.1 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter is designed to be fixed on 35 mm DIN rail, as shown in Figure 02. The 35 mm DIN rail installation must be carried out after the device has been configured.

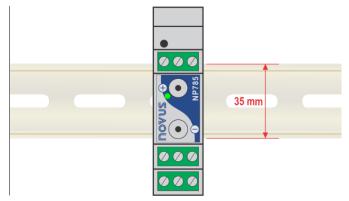


Figure 2 – Mechanical installation

# Installation recommendations:

- The pneumatic hoses must be installed after the device has been fitted to the 35 mm DIN rail.
- To avoid problems with condensation, the device must be installed above the point to be measured.
- The extension of the hoses does not affect the device accuracy. Very long hoses, however, can result in measurement delays.
- Hoses should not be bent, and sharp curves should not be taken. Such actions may result in airflow interruption and possible sensor reading blockage.

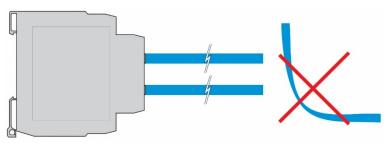


Figure 3 - Hose handling



The hose does not come with the device.

Overpressure: Excessive pressure, which exceeds the NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter capacity, can cause irreversible mechanical and electrical damage to the device. To avoid damaging the operator or the device installer, follow the installation instructions and use the appropriate protection and device.

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#### 4.1.1 DIMENSION

Figure 04 shows the device dimensions:

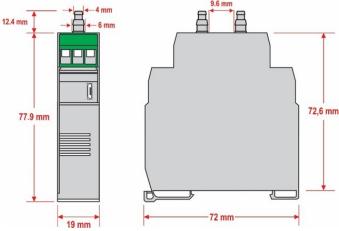


Figure 4 - Dimensions

# 4.2 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

#### 4.2.1 INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- Signal conductors should run through the plant separately from the power supply and output conductors. If possible, in grounded conduits.
- The power supply for electronic instruments must come from an appropriate grid for instruments.
- RC FILTERS (noise suppressor) are recommended in contactor coils, solenoids, etc.
- In control applications, it is essential to consider what could happen when some part of the system fails. The device's internal devices do not ensure total protection.
- Grounding helps limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the grounding connection by using the grounding bolt
  and the grounding plane before turning on the device.

# 4.2.2 SPECIAL PRECAUTION

Because it is an electronic module, the device needs some care when handling:

- Due to the risk of damage caused by static electricity and may occur if the electronic circuit is exposed, the device should not be opened.
- Pay close attention when connecting the wires.
- Remember to pass all wires through a cable clip before completing electrical connections.
- When closing the housing, the cover should be placed again properly, ensuring proper sealing for this device.



#### 4.2.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Figure 05 shows the device electrical connections:

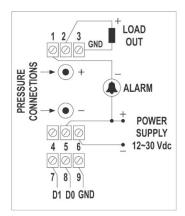


Figure 5 - Electrical connections

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	<b>Electrical Connection</b>	Input
	1	ALARM
Output	2	OUT (Retransmission)
	3	GND
	4	NC
Power Supply	5	POWER
	6	GND
RS485	See table	e below.

Table 2 - Electrical connections

The table below helps you connect the RS485 communication interface connectors:

D1	D1 D D+ B Bi-directional data line.		Terminal 7		
D0	D	D-	Α	Inverted bi-directional data line.	Terminal 8
	C	;		Optional connection that improves communication performance.	Terminal 9
	GN	ID		Optional connection that improves communication performance.	reminar 3

Table 3 - RS485 connections

#### 4.2.4 USB CONNECTION

The USB connection is used exclusively for the device diagnosis and configuration. The USB interface is on the NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter side.

It is recommended that the device be configured before it is attached to the DIN rail.

For more information, see USB Interface chapter.

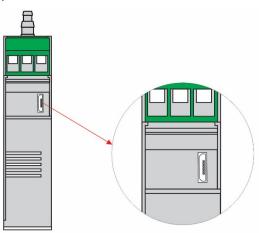


Figure 6 - USB Cable connection

# 4.2.5 AUTO-ZERO KEY

You can use the Auto-Zero function to automatically reset the sensor by pressing the key located next to the USB interface for more than 2 seconds. If the pressure read from the sensor is within the allowable range (see **Table 10**), the sensor reading will be reset to zero.

You can also perform this function through the **NXperience** software (see <u>Input Parameters</u> section of the <u>NXperience Software</u> chapter). For more information about the Auto-Zero function, see <u>General Settings</u> chapter.



You can also define in the software whether the Auto-Zero function will reset the User Offset. By factory default the Auto-Zero function does not change previous Offset settings.

# 4.2.6 DIAGNOSTIC LED

This LED is used to perform a diagnosis during the operation of the device. When turning the device on, the LED will remain on for about 3 seconds and will flash in the following circumstances:

- LED on: The device is operating correctly, within the configured limits.
- LED flashing slowly: An alarm is triggered.
- LED flashing quickly: The measured pressure is outside the configured relay limits.
- One long flash: The Auto-Zero function has been performed successfully.
- Three short flashes: The Auto-Zero function was not performed.
- LED off: There was an error in the device.

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#### 5 SETTINGS

**NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter** is configurable by any of its interfaces. Due to the ease of use of the interface, it is recommended to configure via USB using the **NXperience** software, but the device can also be configured via Modbus RTU by writing directly in their configuration registers.

The description of the device registers, together with the configuration tables, can be found in the Serial Communication chapter.

# 5.1 GENERAL SETTINGS

The differential pressure value is obtained by counting the digital analog converter of the device internal sensor. It is possible to select any of the following pressure units: mbar, mpsi, inH2O, mmH2O or Pa. Changing this setting reverts the transmission limits and alarm setpoints to the default values, which are the operation limits of the device.

The device also features Auto-Zero and Offset functions and an internal digital filter to process the measured signal.

You can use the **Auto-Zero** function to correct small differences in the sensor read value with no differential pressure applied, caused by mounting, device position or natural variations of the sensor over time. You can use the **Auto-Zero** function by pressing the **Auto-Zero** key for another 2 seconds or by using the **NXperience** software. If the pressure value read is within the allowable limits, the pressure reading will be reset to zero. You can also use the software to determine if the **Auto-Zero** function will reset the Offset value.

You can set an **Offset** value, which will be described in the selected pressure unit, to make small adjustments to the output value. The digital filter, in turn, allows you to set the 1st order filter time constant (in seconds). This helps to reduce the occurrence of noise effects and pressure peaks at the expense, however, of a faster response.

It is recommended to run the **Auto-Zero** function after changing the configuration of the device.

It is also possible to configure the parameters of Modbus RTU communication, such as Baud Rate, parity, and slave address of the device.

To differentiate between units of the same model, you can set an identifier on the device.

For test purposes, the device allows forcing the measurement of differential pressure, analog output, and alarm output. For each of these cases, you can configure a value to be forced and enable or disable forcing.

#### 5.2 ALARM SETTINGS

**NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter** has a digital alarm output. The digital output will be activated whenever an alarm situation is satisfied, except cases defined by some of its settings.

You can configure the alarm operation mode, high and low setpoints, hysteresis value, status transition timers, error condition and initial blocking. Alarm configuration can be performed through the **NXperience** software (see <u>Output Parameter</u> section), allowing different operation modes:

- Off: No alarm situation is active.
- Sensor Error: While there is some error reading the sensor, the alarm output will remain on.
- Below Lower Setpoint: The alarm output will be activated when the current pressure is lower than the lower setpoint. To exit the alarm condition, the differential pressure must be greater than the lower setpoint plus the hysteresis value.
- Above Higher Setpoint: The alarm output will be activated when the differential pressure is higher than the upper setpoint. To exit the alarm
  condition, the differential pressure must be lower than the lower setpoint minus the hysteresis value.
- Intra-range: The alarm output will be activated when the differential pressure is higher than the lower set point and lower than the upper set point. To exit the alarm condition, the differential pressure must be greater than the upper setpoint plus the hysteresis value or lower than the lower setpoint minus the hysteresis value.
- Extra-range: The alarm output will be activated when the differential pressure is higher than the setpoint higher or lower than the lower setpoint. To exit the alarm condition, the differential pressure must be less than the upper setpoint minus the hysteresis value and higher than the lower setpoint plus the hysteresis value.

In addition to the alarm operation modes, other parameters, which do not apply to the Sensor Error mode, can be configured to refine the behavior of the alarm output:

- Initial Blocking: This parameter determines the use of the alarm output lock soon after the device is started. After initialization, a non-alarm condition is required for the alarm output to be enabled.
- Error Condition: The status of this parameter determines whether the alarm output will remain on or off in case of sensor failure.
- **Hysteresis:** This parameter stores the pressure value that, with the values of the set points, determines the limit value to leave the alarm situation. **Figure 07** shows the conditions for alarm activation and deactivation.

The alarm output can be timed by means of the **Time On** and **Time Off** parameters. For a given status transition to occur, the device must remain in the new status for a period equal to the one configured in the respective transition parameter. These values are initialized to 0 by default.

Extra-range mode is the default mode of alarm output. The default values of the set points, in turn, are the operating limits of the device. Any changes in the pressure unit configuration readjust the values of the set points to the operating limits.

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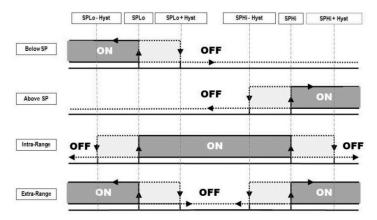


Figure 7 - Conditions of activation and deactivation of the different alarm modes

# 5.3 ANALOG OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

The device has a configurable analog output. You can configure it using the **NXperience** software (check the <u>Output Parameters</u> section), and you can define: the electrical pattern, the error mode, and the excursion range of the pressure to be transmitted.

The electrical pattern can be selected between 0-10 V and 4-20 mA modes, and the error mode determines the behavior of the analog output in case of sensor failure, as shown in table below:

	ERROR MODE				
Mode	Low High Low/High*				
			< Minimum Limit → 0 V		
0 – 10 V	0 V	10 V	Sensor error → 10 V		
			> Maximum Limit → 10 V		
			< Minimum Limit → 3.6 mA		
4 – 20 mA	3.6 mA	21.0 mA	Sensor error → 21.0 mA		
			> Maximum Limit → 21.0 mA		

<sup>\*</sup> Available starting with firmware version 1.20 and software version 2.0.6.02.

**Table 4 –** Behavior of the analog output in case of sensor failure

The excursion of the electric signal respects the values set in the configuration of the lower and upper transmission limits, which allows customizing the differential pressure range. The factory setting also defines the upper and lower limits of the sensor as the maximum operating limits of each respective model.

The 4-20 mA output follows the NAMUR NE-43 recommendations:

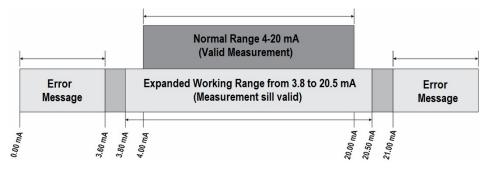


Figure 8 - 4-20 mA output

The device leaves the factory with the 4-20 mA electrical standard and with the pressure unit configured according to the selected model (see **Table 01**). Any changes in the pressure unit configuration readjust the values of the transmission limits to the device operating limits.

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# 6 USB INTERFACE

The USB interface is used for CONFIGURING or MONITORING the device.

For CONFIGURATION, you must use the **NXperience** software to create, view, save, and open configurations from the device or files on your computer. The feature to save and open configurations in files makes it possible to transfer configurations between devices and make backup copies.

NXperience allows you to update the NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter firmware (internal software) via USB interface.

For MONITORING, any supervision (SCADA) or laboratory software that supports Modbus RTU communication over a serial communication port can be used. When connected to a computer USB port, **NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter** is recognized as a conventional serial port (COM x). Use **NXperience** or refer to the Device Manager on Windows Control Panel to identify the COM port assigned to the device.

Refer to the Modbus memory mapping in the device communication manual and its supervision software documentation to perform MONITORING. Follow the procedure below to use the device USB communication:

- Download NXperience from our website and install it on your computer (see NXperience Software chapter). The USB drivers required for communication will be installed along with the software.
- Connect the USB cable between the device and the computer. The device does not need a power supply. The USB will provide enough power for the communication operation (other device functions may not operate).
- Run NXperience, configure the communication and start the device recognition.



The USB interface IS NOT ISOLATED from retransmission output and alarm output. Its purpose is temporary use during CONFIGURATION and MONITORING periods. For the safety of people and device, it should only be used with the device fully disconnected from the external power supply input.

In any other situation, the USB interface use is possible, but requires a careful analysis by the person responsible for its



installation.

For MONITORING for long periods and with inputs and outputs connected, it is recommended to use the RS485, available or optional in most of our device.

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# 7 SERIAL COMMUNICATION

**NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter** can be recognized on an RS485 network with Modbus RTU protocol as a slave device. All the configurable parameters of the device can be read and/or written via serial communication.

The device supports writing in Broadcast mode, using the slave address Modbus 0.

The available Modbus commands are as follows:

03 - Read Holding Register

05 - Write Single Coil

06 - Write Single Register

16 - Write Multiple Register

# 7.1 REGISTERS TABLE

	OUTPUT REGISTERS											
Address	Register	Description	Туре	Minimum	Maximum	Decimal						
0	HR_PRESS	Differential pressure	RO	Depends on model a	nd unit of measure							
1	HR_PRESS_H	value	KU	selected1		mbar: 3 decimal places						
2	HR_PRESS_MIN	Minimum differential	RO	Depends on model a	nd unit of measure	mpsi: 2 decimal places inH2O: 3 decimal places						
3	HR_PRESS_MIN_H	pressure value	KU	selected1		mmH20: 2 decimal places						
4	HR_PRESS_MAX	Maximum differential	RO	Depends on model a	nd unit of measure	Pa: 1 decimal place						
5	HR_PRESS_MAX_H	pressure value	alue	selected1								
6	HR_F_PRESS	Floating point		Depends on model a	nd unit of measure							
7	HR_F_PRESS_H	differential pressure value²	RO	selected <sup>1</sup>								
8	HR_F_PRESS_MIN	Minimum value of		Depends on model a	nd unit of measure							
9	HR_F_PRESS_MIN_H	differential pressure in floating point <sup>2</sup>	RO	selected <sup>1</sup>		Does not apply						
10	HR_F_PRESS_MAX	Maximum value of		Depends on model a	nd unit of measure							
11	HR_F_PRESS_MAX_H	differential pressure in floating point <sup>2</sup>	RO	selected <sup>1</sup>	3. 111000010							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maximum and minimum values according to **Table 01**.

Table 5 - Output registers

	ANALOG OUTPUT TRANSMISSION REGISTERS										
Address	Register	Description	Туре	Minimum	Standard						
100	HR_SENSOR_TYPE	Sensor type	RO	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \to 2 \\ 3 \to 6 \\ 4 \to 4 \\ 5 \to 10 \\ 6 \to \end{array} $	5 mbar 20 mbar 68 mbar 00 mbar 000 mbar 50 Pa 100 Pa	Depends on the model					
101	HR_OUT1_TYPE	Retransmission output type	RW		$0 \rightarrow 4 \text{ a } 20 \text{ mA}$ $1 \rightarrow 0 \text{ a } 10 \text{ V}$						
103	HR_OUT1_IN_HIGH_LIMIT	Hanna limit of action and in its action in	DW								
104	HR_OUT1_IN_HIGH_LIMIT_H	Upper limit of retransmission input	RW	Depends on model and unit of measure selected <sup>1</sup>							
105	HR_OUT1_IN_LOW_LIMIT	Lower limit of retransmission input	RW	Donanda on ma	adal and unit of mag	agura galagtadi					
106	HR_OUT1_IN_LOW_LIMIT_H	Lower limit of retransmission input	KW	Depends on mo	odel and unit of mea	asure selected.					
107	HR_OUT1_ERR	Error value	RW	1 → H	ow error ligh error /high error²	0					
108	HR_OUT1_HIGH_LIMIT	Detronomicaion unas limit	DO.			anura anlantadi					
109	HR_OUT1_HIGH_LIMIT_H	Retransmission upper limit	RO	Depends on mo	Depends on model and unit of measure selected <sup>1</sup>						
110	HR_OUT1_LOW_LIMIT	Retransmission lower limit	RO	Donanda on ma	December and the decided of the control of the						
111	HR_OUT1_LOW_LIMIT_H	Retransmission lower littlit	RU	Depends on model and unit of measure selected <sup>1</sup>							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maximum and minimum values according to **Table 01**.

Table 6 – Analog output transmission registers

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The value of the registers should be interpreted as little-indian with byte inversion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Output behavior in case of error according to **Table 04**.

	FILTER AND UNITY SYSTEM REGISTERS										
Address	Register	Description	Туре	Minimum	Maximum	Standard					
113	HR_PRESS_FLTR	Filter for differential pressure reading	RW	0	300	0					
115	HR_UNIT_SYSTEM	Unit configuration	RW	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \rightarrow i \\ 3 \rightarrow m \end{array}$	mpsi nH2O	0					

Table 7 – Filter and unity system registers

	ALARM OUTPUT REGISTERS									
Address	Registers	Description	Туре	Minimum Maximum		Standard				
178	HR_A1FU	Alarm type	RW	$0 \rightarrow \text{Off}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{Sensor error}$ $2 \rightarrow \text{Below Setpoint}$ $3 \rightarrow \text{Above Setpoint}$ $4 \rightarrow \text{Inside range}$ $5 \rightarrow \text{Out-of-range}$		0				
179	HR_A1SPHI_IN	Alarm High setpoint for input	RW	Depends on model a	nd unit of measure se	lected <sup>1</sup>				
180	HR_A1SPHI_IN_H	Alam riigh setpoliit loi iliput	LVV	Depends on model a	ind unit of measure se	lected				
181	HR_A1SPLO_IN	Alarm Low setpoint for input	RW	Depends on model and unit of measure selected <sup>1</sup>						
182	HR_A1SPLO_IN_H	Alami Low Setpoint for input	IXVV							
183	HR_A1BL	Alarm blocking	RW	0	1	0				
184	HR_A1HY_IN	Alarm hysteresis input	RW	0	20 % of the	0				
185	HR_A1HY_IN_HI	Adm nystoresis input	1777	Ů	maximum value <sup>1</sup>	Ů				
186	HR_A1HY	Alarm hysteresis	RO	0	20 % of the	0				
187	HR_A1HY_H	. ,	_	-	maximum value <sup>1</sup>	-				
188	HR_A1T1	Alarm ON time	RW	0	6500	0				
189	HR_A1T2	Alarm OFF time	RW	0	6500	0				
190	HR_A1IERR	Defines alarm status in case of sensor failure	RW	0	1	0				
191	HR_A1SPHI	Alama High Catagint	DO	December 2 model and unit of manager 2 model and		+   1				
192	HR_A1SPHI_H	Alarm High Setpoint	RO	Depends on model and unit of measure selected <sup>1</sup>						
193	HR_A1SPLO	Alama Laur Cata aint	DO	Danando		+   1				
194	HR_A1SPLO_H	Alarm Low Setpoint	RO	Depends on model and unit of measure selected <sup>1</sup>						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maximum and minimum values according to **Table 01**.

Table 8 – Alarm output registers

	MODBUS RS485 COMMUNICATION PORT CONFIGURATION REGISTERS										
Address	Register	Description	Туре	Minimum	Maximum	Standard					
137	HR_BAUD	Baud Rate	RW	$0 \rightarrow 1200$ $1 \rightarrow 2400$ $2 \rightarrow 4800$ $3 \rightarrow 9600$ $4 \rightarrow 19200$ $5 \rightarrow 38400$ $6 \rightarrow 57600$ $7 \rightarrow 115200$		4					
138	HR_PRTY	Parity	RW	0 → No parity 1 → Odd parity 2 → Even parity		0					
139	HR_ADDR	Slave Address	RW	1	247	1					

Table 9 – Modbus RS485 communication port configuration registers

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	OFFSET REGISTERS										
Address	Registers	Description	Туре	Minimum	Maximum	Standard					
142	HR_F_OFFSET_IN	Input for differential pressure offset in		20 % of the	+ 20 % of the	_					
143	HR_F_OFFSET_IN_HI	floating point	RW	minimum value¹	maximum value <sup>1</sup>	0					
144	HR_F_OFFSET	Differential pressure offset in floating	DO	20 % of the	+ 20 % of the	0					
145	HR_F_OFFSET_H	point	RO	minimum value¹	maximum value <sup>1</sup>	0					
147	HR_AZ_CLEAR_OFFSET	Sets the Autozero action on Offset	RW	0	1	0					
148	HR_FORCE_ZERO	Runs Auto-Zero function	RW	0	1	0					
149	HR_PRESSURE_ZERO			-20 % of the	+20 % of the						
150	HR_PRESSURE_ZERO_H	Auto-Zero value	RO	minimum value¹	maximum value <sup>1</sup>	Factory default					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maximum and minimum values according to **Table 01**.

Table 10 - Offset registers

FORCE AND MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM REGISTERS							
Address	Register	Description	Туре	Minimum	Max	imum	Standard
152	HR_OUT1_FORCE_ENAB	Enables you to force the exit	RW	0		1	0
153	HR_OUT1_FORCE_VAL	Forced value for output	RW 0.00 V 10.00 V 3.60 mA 21.00 mA		0		
154	HR_A1_FORCE_ENAB	Enables you to force the alarm	RW 0 1			0	
155	HR_A1_STATE	Changes the alarm status	RW	0		1	0
156	HR_FORCE_IN_PRESS	Enables you to force the differential pressure	RW	0 1		0	
157	HR_FORCE_PRESS	Input for the differential pressure value	DW	Danasda as s			
158	HR_FORCE_PRESS_HIGH	that was forced	RW	Depends on model and unit of measure selected <sup>1</sup>			e selected.
159	HR_FORCE_PRESS	Differential pressure value that was					
160	HR_FORCE_PRESS_HIGH	forced	RO	RO Depends on model and unit of measure selecte		e seiectea'	
161	HR_RESET_MIN_MAX	Reset of all min and max	RW	0 1 0		0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maximum and minimum values according to **Table 01**.

Table 11 - Force and minimum and maximum registers

DEVICE TAG REGISTERS							
Address	Register	Description	Туре				
166	HR_PRODUCT_TAG01		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 2	CARACTER 1	
167	HR_PRODUCT_TAG02		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 4	CARACTER 3	
168	HR_PRODUCT_TAG03		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 6	CARACTER 5	
169	HR_PRODUCT_TAG04	Device name string	RW	ASCII	CARACTER 8	CARACTER 7	
170	HR_PRODUCT_TAG05		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 10	CARACTER 9	
171	HR_PRODUCT_TAG06		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 12	CARACTER 11	
172	HR_PRODUCT_TAG07		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 14	CARACTER 13	
173	HR_PRODUCT_TAG08		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 16	CARACTER 15	
174	HR_PRODUCT_TAG09		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 18	CARACTER 17	
175	HR_PRODUCT_TAG10		RW	ASCII	CARACTER 20	CARACTER 19	

**Table 12 –** Device tag registers

The registers 103 to 106, 123 to 126, 157 and 158 must be used by the user to enter the values of their respective parameters. If they are within limits, the device will automatically pass these values to registers 108 to 111, 132 to 135, 159 and 160, which show the values considered during the operation. In case of extrapolation of limits, this condition will be signaled in register 343 (HR\_DIAGNOSE03).

For 32-bit data, the two registers that compose them must be read and/or written for the values to be updated.

DIAGNOSTIC REGISTERS							
Address	Register	Description	Туре	Bit			
341	HR_DIAGNOSE01	Unit configuration error		0			
		Overload detection at alarm output		1			
		Forced alarm status	RO	3			
		Alarm status		5			
		Alarm forcing is enabled		10			

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		Forcing the exit is enabled		12
342	HR_DIAGNOSE02	Differential pressure sensor error	RO	0
	HR_DIAGNOSE03	The input of retransmission limits is out of range		1
343		Alarm setpoint input is out of range		3
		Pressure forcing value input is out of range		6
244	HR_DIAGNOSE04	Indicates that the lower range limit has been exceeded	DO	1
344		Indicates that the upper range limit has been exceeded	RO	2

 Table 13 –
 Diagnostic registers

LIMIT REGISTERS								
Address	Register	Description	Туре	Minimum	Maximum			
359	HR_PRESS_HIGH_LIMIT	Maximum limit	RO	Depends on model and unit of measure				
360	HR_PRESS_HIGH_LIMIT_H	Waxiiiuiii iiiiit	RO	selected <sup>1</sup>				
361	HR_PRESS_LOW_LIMIT	Minimum limit	RO	Depends on model and unit of measure				
362	HR_PRESS_LOW_LIMIT_H		RO	selected1				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maximum and minimum values according to **Table 01**.

Table 14 - Limit registers

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# 8 NXPERIENCE SOFTWARE

**NXperience** software is the leading configuration, data download and analysis tool for **NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter**. It allows you to explore all the device features by communicating via the USB interface.

This manual describes the software generic features. For instructions about device configuration, check the specific operating manual. The software and its manual can be downloaded from our website <a href="https://www.novusautomation.com">www.novusautomation.com</a>, in the Downloads Area.

# 8.1 INSTALLING NXPERIENCE

To install NXperience, just execute the NXperienceSetup.exe file, available from our website.

#### 8.2 RUNNING NXPERIENCE

When opening NXperience software, the home screen is displayed:

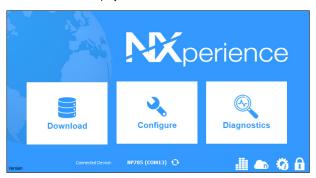


Figure 9 - NXperience home screen

To communicate with the software, you must connect the NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter to the computer and with the previously installed USB drivers.

Then you can click on **Configure** or **Diagnostic**. The **Download** option is not available for this device model.

The first time you read a device, you must select the device to be connected. Simply double click on the desired device or, once it is selected, click on the **Ok** button. This device will be adopted as the default option for the next times the software performs the communication process.



Figure 10 - Select Device screen

# 8.3 CONFIGURING WITH NXPERIENCE

To configure the device, it must be connected to a USB port on the computer.

When clicking on the Configure button, the following screen will be displayed:



Figure 11 - Configuring the device screen

The Create Configuration button creates a configuration from scratch, without needing the device. This configuration can be saved in a file for future use or can be recorded to a connected device.

The **Open Configuration** button reads a configuration file already created.

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The **Read Device** button reads the current device configuration. When selecting this option, all features available for configuration will be displayed, as shown in **Figure 12**:

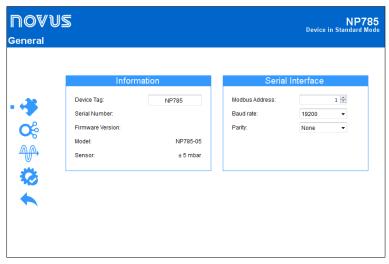


Figure 12 - Configuration screen

**General:** On this tab you can assign an identification name to the device and define the configuration parameters for the serial interface. Additionally, the device model, serial number, firmware version and the maximum and minimum pressure range of the sensor can be identified.

Input: On this tab you can select the system of measures to be used by the device, in addition to configuring the Offset and digital filter for the pressure sensor input.



Output: On this tab you can configure the transmission analog output and the alarm output.

**Finalization:** On this tab you can send the configuration to the device, save the configurations in a file, update the device firmware, and configure a password to protect the device.



Back: Returns to NXperience home screen.

#### 8.3.1 GENERAL PARAMETERS

By clicking on the icon, you can view information of the device being configured and the serial interface configuration parameters.

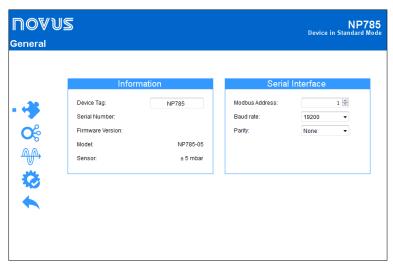


Figure 13 - General screen

In the **Device Tag** parameter, you can assign a name to the device to be configured. This helps to make it easily identifiable within a network with multiple devices. **Serial Number**, **Firmware Version** and **Model** are non-editable parameters that are read by the software directly from the device. For **NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter** to be recognized on a Modbus network, you must assign a unique **Modbus** Address on the network and configure the communication **Baud Rate** and **Parity**.

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#### 8.3.2 INPUT PARAMETERS

By clicking on the cicon, you can configure the pressure sensor input.

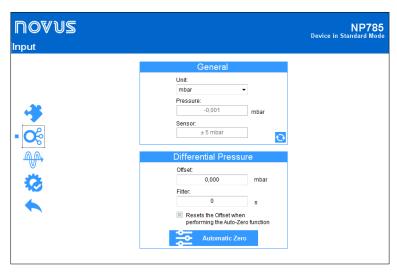


Figure 14 - Input configuration screen

In the **Unit** parameter, you can select the unit mbar, mpsi, inH2O, mmH2O or pascal. By factory default, the device is configured as mbar.

The **Pressure** parameter informs the differential pressure of the device when the window is opened. You can click the button to update this value.

The device also provides **Offset** and **Filter** settings. This allows you to make small corrections to the sensor readings and change its response speed.

The **Automatic Zero** feature, on the other hand, makes it possible to automatically adjust the offset. To adjust the value, you must make sure that the pressure inputs are depressurized and click Automatic Zero. If the option "Resets Offset when performing Auto-Zero function" has been enabled, the device will reset the offset whenever it performs the Auto-Zero function. If this option is disabled, the device will correct the sensor reading error, keeping the configured Offset value.

If the pressure read by the sensor is 0, for example, and the Offset has been set to 2, using the **Automatic Zero** function without resetting the Offset means that the output will remain at 2. If you select the option to reset the Offset to zero, the output will remain at 0.

#### 8.3.3 OUTPUT PARAMETERS

By clicking on the icon, you can configure the transmission analog output and the alarm output.



Figure 15 - Output configuration screen

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#### 8.3.3.1 RETRANSMISSION OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

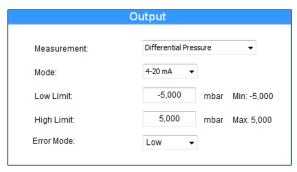


Figure 16 - Output

The Measurement parameter allows you to read the differential pressure magnitude.

The analog output **Mode** allows you to select the electrical standard to be used for transmission: 0-10 V or 4-20 mA. The electrical signal of the output will be proportional to the selected magnitude, respecting the values configured in the **Lower Limit** and **Upper Limit** parameters.

In case of a sensor failure, the quantity to be transmitted by the analog output will enter the **Error Mode**. For the error condition, you must select the **High**, **Low** or **Low-High** status (see **Table 04**).

#### 8.3.3.2 ALARM OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

To select the alarm output to be configured, you must click on the button and enable it by sliding it to the right.

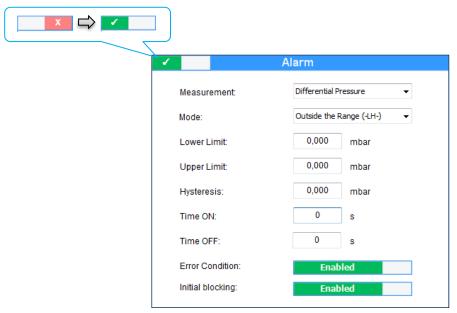


Figure 17 - Alarm

The alarm output may be timed by the **Time On** and **Time Off** parameters.

If the device is configured in the Value Lower than SPLo, Value Higher than SPHi, Inside the Range or Outside the Range modes, the Error Condition parameter allows you to configure a safe status of the alarm output in case of sensor failure. Thus, the output will be on or off depending on the value set in this parameter.

**Upper Limit** and **Lower Limit** are the differential pressure values that act as alarm activation conditions that, together with the **Hysteresis**, define the barrier to be exceeded so that the channel exits the alarm situation. For more information about the alarm configuration, see <u>Alarm Configuration</u> section.

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#### 8.3.4 FINALIZATION

By clicking on the icon, you can send the configuration to the device, save the configurations in a file, update the firmware, and configure a password to protect it.

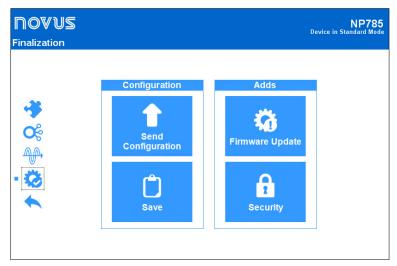


Figure 18 - Finalization parameters

#### 8.3.5 DIAGNOSTICS

To access this feature, you must connect the device to the USB port and select the Diagnostics option from the NXperience home screen.

Thus, it is possible to analyze the operation of the device by forcing the pressure readings. The forcing can be performed either on the sensor reading or directly on the output.

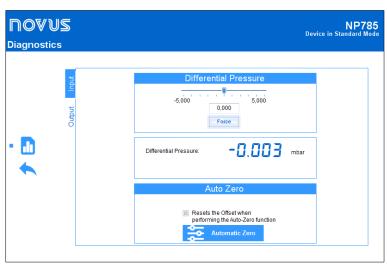


Figure 19 - Diagnostics parameters

In the input diagnosis you can view the instantaneous value of the differential pressure and force a value for it. To force a value, you must type the desired value in the field or slide the slider to the desired value within the pressure range of the model. Then press the **Force** button.

In the **Auto-Zero** section, you can reset the Offset or enable the Auto-Zero function. Both features have been explained in detail in <a href="Input Parameters">Input Parameters</a> section.

In output diagnostics, on the other hand, you can monitor the value of the analog output in real time or force a value. This interface depends on the type of analog output configured (0-10 V or 4-20 mA) and will be adjusted automatically.

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Figure 20 - Output Diagnostics

To force a value at a transmission analog output, use the slider or type de desired value directly into the edit field and then press the button Force.

From this moment, NP785 Ultra Low Differential Pressure Transmitter will force the adjusted value into the transmission output and the button used to perform the forcing will change to Release. If pressed again, the forced value will no longer be applied to the output.

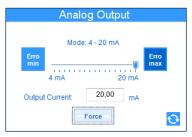


Figure 21 - Output

For each analog output you can force the transmission of an error value by means of the mode (0-10 V or 4-20 mA) configured for each output.

The alarm output allows you to force an on and off condition. In some cases, an alarm output may be on due to an alarm condition. Thus, it may be desirable to force the status off to identify some fault in the wiring or device configuration.

The images below show the alarm output forcing interface in the three possible conditions: No forcing, forcing on status, and forcing off status.



Figure 22 – Alarm output without forcing



Figure 23 – Alarm output with forcing on status



Figure 24 – Alarm output with forcing off status

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# 9 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

	NP785-50PA MODEL	NP785-100PA MODEL	NP785-05 MODEL	NP785-20 MODEL	NP785-68 MODEL	NP785-400 MODEL	NP785-1000 MODEL	
Measurement Range	-50 to 50 Pa	-100 to 100 Pa	-5 to 5 mbar	-20 to 20 mbar	-68 to 68 mbar	-400 to 400 mbar	-1000 to 1000 mbar	
Proof Pressure*	68 mbar	68 mbar	100 mbar	300 mbar	136 mbar	800 mbar	2000 mbar	
Burst Pressure	200 mbar	200 mbar	200 mbar	400 mbar	2000 mbar	4000 mbar	4000 mbar	
Line Pressure**	68 mbar	68 mbar	100 mbar	300 mbar	136 mbar	800 mbar	2000 mbar	
Accuracy (RSS, includes linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability)	1.5 % of maximum range F.S.***	1 % of maximum range F.S.	1 % of maximum range F.S.	0.5 % of maximum range F.S.	1 % of maximum range F.S.	0.5 % of maximum range F.S.	0.5 % of maximum range F.S.	
Total error (RSS, includes linearity, hysteresis, repeatability, and temperature variation)	< ± 3.1 % of maximum range F.S.	< ± 1.6 % of maximum range F.S.	< ± 1.5 % of maximum range F.S.	< ± 1 % of maximum range F.S.	< ± 2 % of maximum range F.S.	< ± 1 % of maximum range F.S.	< ± 1 % of maximum range F.S.	
Mounting Position Influence		< ± 0.03 %	6 of maximum rang	ge. Can be corrected by	adjusting the zero	).		
Supply Voltage Influence			< (	0.001 % F.S. / V				
Zero Setting		±10 % of ma	ximum range. Car	be done through softw	are or Auto-Zero k	ey.	I	
Effective Sensor	0.005 % F.S.	0.002 % F.S.	0.008 % F.S.	0.008 % F.S.	0.032 % F.S.	0.013 % F.S.	0.01 % F.S.	
Resolution	14.4 bits	15.4 bits	13.6 bits	13.6 bits	11.6 bits	12.9 bits	13.4 bits	
Digital reading resolution****	8.6 bits	9.6 bits	12 bits	13.6 bits	11.6 bits	12.9 bits	13.4 bits	
Start-Up Time			ı	< 2 s		T		
Measurement Update Time	<15 ms	D****		<50 ms****		<15 m	<15 ms****	
Response Time for the RS485			< 41ms, reading	g 125 registers at 11520	00 bps			
Response Time for the analog output (0 – 95%)	<55 ms	S****		<90 ms****		<55 ms****		
Digital Filter			Configurable v	via software. From 0 to	300s			
Operation Temperature	-20 to 70 °C (-	4 to 158 °F)	-5 to 65 °C (23 to 149 °F)		-20 to 70 °C (-	4 to 158 °F)		
Storage Temperature			-20 to	85 °C (-4 to 185 °F)				
Power Supply Voltage	<ul> <li>Power supply through PWR terminals: 12 Vdc to 30 Vdc.</li> <li>Power supply through the USB cable: 4.75 Vdc to 5.25 Vdc.</li> <li>Internal protection against power supply voltage polarity inversion.</li> </ul>							
Supply Current	< 45 mA ± 10 % @ 24	Vdc						
Input	02 inputs for connecting	4 or 6 mm internal dia	meter pneumatic h	ose.				
Output	It can be independently configured to operate with 0-10 V or 4-20 mA signals.  • 0-10 V: Maximum current: 2 mA. Resolution: 0.003 V.  • 4-20 mA: Maximum Load: 500 R. Resolution: 0.006 mA.							
Protection Index	IP20							
Wetted Parts	Materials include silicone, glass, RTV, gold, aluminum, copper, nickel, palladium, epoxy, stainless steel, and plastic.							
Housing	ABS + PC							
Electromagnetic Compatibility	EN/IEC 61326-1							
NXperience	Software configurator for Windows 10, 8 / 8.1 (32 and 64 bits), 7, Vista and XP.  Menus in Portuguese, Spanish, French, and English.							
Certifications	CE Mark  This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.							

<sup>\*</sup> **Proof Pressure**: The maximum pressure that the device can be subjected to and still perform within specifications after returning to operating range.

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- \*\* Line pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both pressure ports of the sensor without causing permanent damage and without applying differential pressure.
- \*\*\*\* Full Scale (F.S.): Under reference conditions: Ambient 23 °C  $\pm$  3°C, 24 V supply, 250  $\Omega$  load. Vertical mounting. Line pressure: 0 mbar when applying Auto-Zero. \*\*\*\* With 0s filter.
- \*\*\*\*\* The resolution shown corresponds to the digital values read from registers 0 to 5 and is lower than the sensor resolution due to the limitation of decimal places. The digital values read from registers 6 to 11 have the same resolution as the sensor.

Table 15 - Technical specifications

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# 10 WARRANTY

Warranty conditions are available on our website  $\underline{\text{www.novusautomation.com/warranty}}.$ 

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